

Practice 14

For use with Section 2-5

For Exercises 1–8, write an equation in the form $f(x) = kx^n$ for each direct variation function.

1. $k = 3.5$ and $n = 2$
2. $k = 1.6$ and $n = 5$
3. $f(3) = 54$ and $n = 2$
4. $k = 5$ and $f(2) = 80$
5. $f(2) = 32$ and $n = 6$
6. $k = 0.8$ and $f(5) = 100$
7. $f(0.5) = 1$ and $f(x)$ varies directly with the fourth power of x .
8. $f(1) = 2.5$ and $f(4) = 160$

For each polynomial function, write the degree and find the given value.

9. $f(x) = 3x^2 - 4x + 5$; $f(4)$
10. $f(x) = -7x + 3 - 4x^2 + x^3$; $f(-2)$
11. $g(x) = x^2 + 2x^3 - x^5 + 1$; $g(1)$
12. $h(x) = 6 - 3x^6 + x$; $h(-1)$
13. $k(x) = 12 - 5x^3 + x^4 - x^2$; $k(-2)$
14. $F(x) = x^5 - x^3 + x - 1$; $F(3)$

Graph each polynomial function. (Hint for Exercises 19 and 20:

Factor.)

15. $f(x) = x(x - 3)^2$
16. $p(x) = x(x - 1)(x + 2)(x - 3)$
17. $g(x) = (x - 1)(x + 4)^2$
18. $h(x) = x^2(x - 4)$
19. $q(x) = x(x^2 - 6x + 9)$
20. $r(x) = x^4 + x^3 - 12x^2$

21. The maximum droop of one end of a steel beam that is supported at its other end varies directly as the fourth power of the length of the beam.

- a. Write an equation for the droop $d(x)$ as a function of the length x of the beam, including a constant k .
- b. Suppose the unsupported end of a beam 20 ft long droops by 0.0015 in. Find the value of k .